

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

GEOGRAPHY 0460/22
Paper 2 October/November 2016

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 60

Published

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Page 2			Mark Scheme		Paper	
			Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2016	0460	22	
1 (a)	(i)	post office,		[1]	
	(ii)	439 570,		[1]	
	(i	ii)	225 <u>m</u> ,		[1]	
	(i	v)	(Holy) Well,			
			If more than one answer and one is wrong then no credit		[1]	
(b)	(i)	third class, (Allow third class and other roads)		[1]	
	(ii)	dispersed,			
			If more than one answer and one is wrong then no credit		[1]	
(c) ((i)	line should pass around the outside or along the edge of the built-to 5054 and 5154 then go straight to F. (Allow if mostly within 3 mm of built-up area),	·		
	(ii)	or from all directions, ring road/by pass/around built-up area/avoiding built-up area/surrounding built-up area			
(. <u>t</u>	t <u>o/fr</u> stra to/fr	cDonagh Station, rom E/SE, ight, rom city centre, ninus/only one line,		[2]	
(е)	(i)	meanders/bends/curves,		[1]	
	(ii)	4050-4350 (metres),		[1]	
	(i	ii)	157–161° (Must give degrees),		[1]	
(1	1	Allo	igher/Q lower/P high <u>and</u> Q low/P more hilly/P more valleys. w for 2 figures with metres. reeper/Q gentler/P steep <u>and</u> Q flat/gentle,			
	I	Diff	erences must be given.		[2]	

Pa	age 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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	(g) (i)	Gorteenteen,		[1]
	(ii)	road/regional road/river/stream/track		[1]
	(iii)	Summit completed as follows:		
		distance from base: 42–46 mm (210 and 230 m altitude), distance from left hand side: 20–25 mm,		
				[2]
2	(a) isol	ated house,		
	Villa	age		[2]
	(b) (i)	nucleated, linear,		[2]
				رے]
	(ii)	junction/route focus/route centre/nodal point/cross roads, roads from all directions/roads from north/south <u>and</u> east/west, bridge,		[2]
	(iii)	risk of flooding/on flood plain,		[1]
	(iv)	hill/high/higher		[1]
3	ste cliff V – nar dee stra	ep (sides), ep long profile/gradient, is, (steep cliff = 1) shape, row valley/floor, ep/gorge, aight,		
		ntler upper slopes/convex, erlocking) spurs,		[4]
	(b) (i)	B traction/rolling, C suspension		[2]
	(ii)	less load/finer load (downstream),	= 1	
		load deposited/trapped/blocked/held in lake/dam , loss of velocity/energy/discharge/flow (in dam or downstream),	= 1	[2]

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4 (a) A	A gentler,		
, ,	A wider/50 km – 10 km/greater circumference/bigger,		

A higher,

A wider/larger crater,

A lava B lava and ash/A no ash B ash,

A no parasitic cone/side vent/B more vents.

A larger magma chamber,

Or emphasis on B or pairs of points.

Statements must be comparative.

[4]

(b) A shield,

B strato/composite,

[2]

(c) A away from plate boundaries/mid-plate/hot spot,

B destructive/convergent/collision margin/boundary/zone,

[2]

5 (a) (i) for sale/profit, [1]

(ii) crops, (reference to subsistence spoils)

[1]

(b) tropical/near tropics/near Equator,

Caribbean/West Indies/named country in this shaded area,

North/north west of South America/named country in this shaded area. south of North America/Central America/named country in this shaded area,

West/North West Africa/named country in this shaded area,

Southern Europe (SE = 0)/Mediterranean/named country in this shaded area,

South/East/SE Asia/named mainland country in this shaded area, Japan,

Indonesia/Philippines/Borneo/islands of Asia/islands of Australasia.

(eastern) Madagascar.

small area in Iraq/Iran/Kuwait/SE/S Australia,

more in northern <u>hemisphere</u> (no alternatives),

[4]

(c) rice needs higher temperatures/wheat needs lower temperatures. rice needs higher rainfall/wetter/more humid conditions/wheat needs lower rainfall/drier conditions, (Allow rice needs more water unless referring to irrigation) If neither of these points score allow:

"different climatic requirements",

differing demand/diets (in different parts of the world),

All points must be stated as comparisons/differences.

[2]

[2]

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6 (a) the increased links between different parts of the world, such as the availability of food and clothing from other countries and increased international population migration. [1]

(b) operates in two or more countries/parts of the world, does not identify itself with a national home. [1]

(c) (i) 3, 6, 9,

(ii) 1, 4, 7, [2]

(iii) 2, 5, 8,